Comment on acp-2022-220
Anonymous Referee #2

Referee comment on "Measurement Report: Effects of anthropogenic emissions and environmental factors on biogenic secondary organic aerosol (BSOA) formation in a coastal city of Southeastern China" by Youwei Hong et al., Atmos. Chem. Phys. Discuss., https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-2022-220-RC2, 2022


The author conducted the field observation during summer and winter in the southeast of China, and discussed the formation of SOA tracers, especially BSOA tracers. The author found that the concentrations of SOA tracers were affected by photochemical oxidation in summer, and were affected by anthropogenic emissions in winter. They highlighted that anthropogenic emissions, atmospheric oxidation capacity and halogen chemistry have significant effects on the formation of BSOA in the southeast coastal area. The manuscript can provide unique data for SOA tracers in the coastal area, and clarified the influencing factors on SOA formation. However, there are still some content deficiencies and logical omissions in this manuscript, which need to be carefully revised. Overall, the manuscript could be accepted after addressing the following issues.

- Line 147-149. How many times the samples were ultrasonically extracted during the pre-treatment, it should be shown in the manuscript.
- Line 189-190. \( f_{SOC} \) of isoprene was 0.155 ± 0.039 in study of Kleindienst et al., 2007, the author should recheck your content.
- Section 2.5. The authors use both E-AIM IV model and ISORROPIA II model to calculate
the aerosol pH. They need to discuss the correlation and difference between the results of two models, and explain which result is more reasonable for this manuscript. The authors should also explain which model they chose for the following discussions.

- Section 3.1. In my opinion, it is clearer to list the average concentrations of these air pollutants during summer and winter, daytime and nighttime in Supporting Information as a Table.

- Line 250. The average concentrations of SOA$_{M}$, SOA$_{I}$ and SOA$_{C}$ in winter and summer should be given. As the author determined to discuss “total SOA tracers” (Line 249), the concentration of ASOA should also be shown here.

- Line 250-252. The author showed that “In summer, BSOA tracers showed much higher concentrations in the daytime than in the nighttime, while inverse results were observed in winter”, the specific concentrations of BSOA tracers in daytime and nighttime of summer and winter should be displayed here.

- Line 252-258. Instead of using “for example” here, the author could display the average concentrations of SOA tracers (including SOA$_{I}$, SOA$_{M}$, SOA$_{C}$ and ASOA tracers) during day, night, summer and winter in the Supporting Information as a Table directly.

- Line 275-279. As the concentrations of SOA tracers were higher in summer than winter, and the f$_{SOC}$ values were constant in this manuscript, it was not surprisingly that the concentrations of SOC in summer was higher than that in winter. And this result could not demonstrate that the contributions of SOA tracers to SOC in summer was higher than those in winter.

- Line 283-286. This sentence is confusing, why does the “obvious trend of diurnal variations of SOC$_{I}$” was “consistent with the isoprene emission”, and why this result was compared with the trend in winter? Considering the coherence of context, maybe the author intended to explain the diurnal variation of SOC$_{I}$ was obvious in summer and the variation was consistent with isoprene emission in summer? The authors should give more explanation about it.

- Figure 3. The legend of Figure 3 might be SOC$_{I}$, SOC$_{M}$, SOC$_{C}$ and ASOC.

- Line 306, it should be “SOA$_{I}$ tracers”, and Line 308, it should be “SOA$_{M}$ tracers”.

- Line 319. I think the first (PA and PNA) and later generation (HGA, AGA, HDMGA and MBTCA) products could only evaluate the aging degree of SOA$_{M}$, not all BSOA.

- Line 333-335. According to the logic of this section, it might be “Low ratio of HGA/MBTCA (~1.0) showed that α−pinene was the major precursor for SOA$_{M}$. The ratio of HGA/MBTCA with an average of 5.78 in Xiamen was high, suggesting the contribution of β−pinene to SOA$_{M}$.”

- Line 362. The author used the pH values calculated by ISORROPIA II here. Same as the Q3, the author should explain why they chose the pH calculated by ISORROPIA II, but not that calculated by E-AIM IV.

- Line 380. Table 1 should be listed after this paragraph, which refers to table 1 for the first time.

- As the contents of Figure 6 and Table 1 are similar, and the author has not discussed Figure 6 in detail, this figure should be moved to the supporting information section.

- Line 425-427. The author showed that “the correlations of SOA tracers in winter were found to increase with increasing NH$_{3}$ and chlorine ions in PM$_{2.5}$, while inverse results were observed in summer”. The sentence is not rigorous, because NH$_{3}$ was not negative correlated with SOA tracers in summer as shown in Table 1.