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Comment on acp-2021-972

Anonymous Referee #2

Referee comment on "The roles of the Quasi-Biennial Oscillation and El Niño for entry stratospheric water vapor in observations and coupled chemistry–ocean CCM1 and CMIP6 models" by Shlomi Ziskin Ziv et al., Atmos. Chem. Phys. Discuss., <https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-2021-972-RC2>, 2022

This paper discusses the importance of the nonlinear interaction between ENSO, QBO, and stratospheric water vapor, based on MLR and advanced machine learning techniques, and analyzes both observational data and chemistry-climate models. The authors conclude that QBO is more important than ENSO² than ENSO in predicting entry water vapor. The novel techniques and rigorous analysis of this paper will inspire the whole community, and I recommend this paper be accepted after a few revisions.

General comments:

- As the authors mentioned in line 5 and line 13 page 2, ENSO and QBO influences the stratospheric water vapor by influencing the tropical tropopause temperature. Later in Fig. 3, the authors compare the prediction of water vapor from merely tropical tropopause temperature, and from linear/nonlinear combination of ENSO and QBO. Since the ENSO and QBO directly influence tropical tropopause temperature and indirectly influences water vapor, before showing the relationship between 'ENSO, QBO-stratospheric water vapor', additional analysis of how well can linear/nonlinear combination of ENSO and QBO represents the tropical tropopause temperature will make the logic tighter.
- It is undoubted that considering the nonlinear process from ENSO and QBO can

substantially increase the prediction of stratospheric water vapor, from the statistical analysis of this paper. However, more scientific arguments are needed when showing this result. For example, ENSO². The difference between ENSO and ENSO² are (1) ENSO² always amplifies extreme positive and negative ENSO states; (2) ENSO index has positive and negative values, but ENSO² only have magnitude, so extreme EN and LN will have similar ENSO² values. The authors explain (2) in section 3, but lack the necessary analysis of how (1) influences the predictions. Can you add another experiment of, say, absolute(ENSO)? It is possible that the behavior of abs(ENSO) is not as good as ENSO², since moderate events are not very important and ENSO² emphasizes the importance of extreme events so not necessary to add this experiment into the paper. Then I suggest that can add some more comments on page 13, lines 9-14 on how the two differences between ENSO and ENSO² improve the prediction. I also suggest including citations of why choosing ENSO² and ENSO*QBO not only in the introductions but also in result sections when discussing the improvement.

Specific comments:

- In figures showing the horizontal distributions, i.e., Fig.3, Fig.6, and Fig. 8, since ENSO is one of the most important topics of this paper, I suggest the base map should center at 180° instead of 0°, so the readers can compare the Western and Eastern Pacific more clearly.
- 10, please add panel numbers and titles.
- Page 1, line 15: please include more citations for 'The amount of water vapor that enters the stratosphere is also important for stratospheric chemistry and specifically the severity of ozone depletion, for example, the citations on page 15, line 17.
- Page 4, line 21: 'In total, more than 2500 year of model output are available' I see no reason to calculate the total years because you are not putting all the model outputs together.
- Page 6, line 8: please introduce more about the radiosonde data, for example, is it monthly mean? Is the seasonal cycle included?
- Page 9, line 22: thanks for sharing, this is helpful to the community!
- Page 10, line 15: is the 'busts' problem in figure 4 still there in MLR2? 2010, 2015, and 2016 are all ENSO active years or right after so it is interesting to see whether adding ENSO² and QBO*ENSO can improve the performance or not.
- Page 17, line 15: 'this results' should be 'this result'