

Atmos. Chem. Phys. Discuss., referee comment RC2 https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-2021-890-RC2, 2021 © Author(s) 2021. This work is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License.

Comment on acp-2021-890

Anonymous Referee #2

Referee comment on "OH-initiated atmospheric degradation of hydroxyalkyl hydroperoxides: mechanism, kinetics, and structure–activity relationship" by Long Chen et al., Atmos. Chem. Phys. Discuss., https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-2021-890-RC2, 2021

The authors have conducted a detailed theoretical study on the OH-initiated atmospheric degradation of hydroxyalkyl hydroperoxides. For the resulting H-abstraction products RO2 radicals, the subsequent reactions involving self-reaction, autoxidation and reaction with HO2 radical and NO are taken into account. Such kind of studies are necessary for improving our understanding of VOC oxidation chemistry. I recommend this manuscript publication in ACP after the following minor revisions.

Specific Comments:

1. Authors discuss the transformation mechanism of HHPs. But there is no information on the concentration of HHPs (in forested regions?).

2. The lifetimes of distinct HHPs with respect to OH should be estimated under atmospheric conditions.

3. $\Delta Ea\#$, $\Delta Ga\#$ and ΔG are employed in the manuscript, the author should explain the meaning of each item in detail.

4. Author should compare the barriers of the gas phase decomposition of HOCH2OO radical with the barrier of self-reaction of HOCH2OO radical. Kumar and Francisco reported the unimolecular decay of HOCH2OO radical could be a new source of HO2 radical (Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2015, 54, 15711-15714; J. Phys. Chem. A 2016, 120, 2677-2683).

5. Author should provide the pseudo first order rates for the reactions of distinct RO2 radicals with HO2 and NO under the urban, rural and forest environments.

6. In Fig. 2, the text (mentioned structural parameters) overlaps with the structures.